

HA(H5N1)(A/CM/HK/2256/2006) Hemagglutinin ELISA Development Kit Catalog Number: IT-E3Ag-H5N1-CM/HK/2256/2006

Description: HA(H5N1)(A/CM/HK/2256/2006) Hemagglutinin ELISA Development Kit contains the key components required for the quantitative analysis of HA(H5N1)(A/CM/HK/2256/2006) Hemagglutinin (HA) concentrations in cell culture supernatants and serum within the range of 0.25 – 16 ng/ml in a sandwich ELISA format. The components supplied in this kit are sufficient to assay HA(H5N1)(A/CM/HK/2256/2006) in five 96-well ELISA plates.

REAGENTS PROVIDED

Capture Antibody: 100µl of 1mg/ml anti-HA(H5N1) (A/CM/HK/2256/2006) monoclonal antibody.

HA(H5N1)(A/CM/HK/2256/2006) Standard: 50µl of 50µg/ml recombinant HA(H5N1)(A/CM/HK/2256/2006).

Detection Antibody: 50µl of biotinylated monoclonal antibody against HA(H5N1)(A/CM/HK/2256/2006). **Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate**: 50µl of HRP-conjugated streptavidin.

RECOMMENDED MATERIALS & SOLUTIONS*

ELISA 96-well plates (Corning Prod # 3590 or equivalents) Block Buffer: 5% milk in PBS Wash Buffer: 0.05% Tween-20 in PBS Diluent: 0.05% Tween-20, 0.5% milk in PBS Substrate: TMB Peroxidase Substrate Stop Solution: 2N Sulfuric Acid *Alternatively, these could be purchased under Cat.# IT-200-002

— ELISA Plate/Buffer/Substrate Kit.

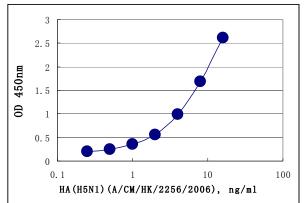
PLATE PREPARATION

- 1. For each 96-well plate, dilute 20μ l of Capture Antibody with 10.5ml of 1xPBS to prepare a coating solution. Immediately add 100µl of the coating solution to each well. Seal the plate and incubate overnight at 4°C.
- 2. Remove the coating solution by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it briefly against clean paper towels.
- 3. Add 300µl of Block Buffer to each well. Incubate for at least 1 hour at room temperature.

4. Aspirate to remove Block Buffer and wash the plate 4 times with 300µl of Wash Buffer per well.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

- Standard/Sample: Dilute standard with Diluent to eight concentrations (16ng/ml, 8ng/ml, 4ng/ml, 2ng/ml, 1ng/ml, 0.5ng/ml, 0.25ng/ml, and 0ng/ml). Immediately add 100µl of Standard and sample to each well in triplicate. Incubate at room temperature for at least 1 hour.
- **2. Detection:** Aspirate and wash plate 4 times. Dilute 10µl of Detection Antibody with 10.5ml of Diluent to prepare a detection solution. Add 100µl of the detection solution into each well. Incubate at room temperature for at least 1 hour.
- **3. Streptavidin Peroxidase:** Aspirate and wash plate 4 times. Dilute 10µl of Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate with 10.5ml of Diluent. Add 100µl into each well. Incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
- **4. Substrate/Stop:** Aspirate and wash plate 4 times. Add 100µl of TMB Peroxidase Substrate into each well. Incubate at room temperature for 20 minutes. Then add 100µl of Stop Solution to each well.
- 5. **Read:** Determine the optical density of each well within 30 minutes using a microplate reader set to 450nm.
- 6. Analysis: Average the triplicate reading for each standard, control, and sample, then subtract the average zero standard optical density. Create a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) or other curve-fit. The HA(H5N1) (A/CM/HK/2256/2006) concentration in sample can be determined by regression analysis. If samples have been diluted, the concentration calculated from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.



Reference

^{1.} John R. Crowther. The ELISA Guidebook (Methods in Molecular Biology), Humana Press, 2000.